# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

Date of issue : 18 August 2023 Version : 13 PPG

### Section 1. Identification

Product code	: 0262-200/4L
Product name	: SPEEDLAC WHITE
Product type	: Liquid.
Recommended use and res	<u>strictions</u>
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.
Supplier's details	: PPG INDUSTRIES NEW ZEALAND LTD 5 MONAHAN ROAD, MT WELLINGTON, AUCKLAND www.ppgnz.co.nz
	Telephone Numbers: 09 573 1620, 0800 659378 021 940 920 (24 Hours)
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: New Zealand 0800 000 096 (24 hours) / Australia 1800 883 254 (24 hours) For international shipping emergencies: 1-412-391-1618
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: ehsnz@ppg.com

## Section 2. Hazards identification

### Section 2. Hazards identification

Precautionary statements		
Prevention	:	<b>D</b> o not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not breathe vapour. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	:	IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	:	Not applicable.
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

This material is classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Notice 2017 and has been classified according to the Hazardous Substances (Classifications) Notice 2017.

This material is classified as DANGEROUS GOODS according to criteria in New Zealand Land Transport Rule: Dangerous Goods 2005.

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	÷	Mixture
<b>CAS number/other identifiers</b>		
Product code	:	0262-200/4L

Hazardous ingredients	%	CAS number
P-butyl acetate xylene ethyl acetate Isopropyl alcohol butan-1-ol toluene	10 - <30 10 - <30 10 - <30 1 - <10 1 - <10	123-86-4 1330-20-7 141-78-6 67-63-0 71-36-3 108-88-3
ethylbenzene		100-41-4

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment or have an OEL and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	<ul> <li>Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Product name SPEEDLAC WHITE		
Section 4. First	t aid measures	
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.	
Most important sympto	ms/effects, acute and delayed	
Potential acute health	<u>effects</u>	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.	
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Skin contact	<ul> <li>May cause damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin.</li> <li>Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.</li> </ul>	
Ingestion	: May cause damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed.	
Over-exposure signs/s	<u>symptoms</u>	
Eyes	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness	
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations	
Skin	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations	
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations	
Indication of immediate	e medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary	
Specific treatments	: Not available.	
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.</li> </ul>	

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Firefighting measures

#### Extinguishing media

Suitable Not suitable	Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam. Do not use water jet.	
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Fighly flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container matures, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.	
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides	
Special precautions for fire- fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incide there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.	
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.	

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".	
Environmental precautions	Noid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmer pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).	
Methods and material for con	<u>nment and cleaning up</u>	
Small spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools a explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in a appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.	
Large spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools a explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry int sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with no combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous ear and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13) Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.	o on- rth

### Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	: Vut on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from
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### Section 7. Handling and storage

	heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof ele (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty contair retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.	tools.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accorda with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in orig container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locke Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep contai tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opene must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store i unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental	inal away d up. ner ed

contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
<mark>p</mark> -butyl acetate	HSWA 2015 - HSW (GRWM) 2016. Workplace exposure standards (WES) (New Zealand, 4/2022). WES-STEL: 950 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. WES-STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. WES-TWA: 713 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. WES-TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
xylene	HSWA 2015 - HSW (GRWM) 2016. Workplace exposure standards (WES) (New Zealand, 4/2022). [xylene (o-, m-, p- isomers)] WES-TWA: 217 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
ethyl acetate	WES-TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. HSWA 2015 - HSW (GRWM) 2016. Workplace exposure standards (WES) (New Zealand, 4/2022). WES-TWA: 720 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Isopropyl alcohol	WES-TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. HSWA 2015 - HSW (GRWM) 2016. Workplace exposure standards (WES) (New Zealand, 4/2022). WES-STEL: 1230 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. WES-STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. WES-STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.
butan-1-ol	WES-TWA: 983 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. WES-TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. HSWA 2015 - HSW (GRWM) 2016. Workplace exposure standards (WES) (New Zealand, 4/2022). Absorbed through skin.
toluene	WES-Ceiling: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> WES-Ceiling: 50 ppm HSWA 2015 - HSW (GRWM) 2016. Workplace exposure standards (WES)
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#### (New Zealand, 4/2022). Absorbed through skin. WES-TWA: 75 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. WES-TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. WES-STEL: 377 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. WES-STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. ethylbenzene HSWA 2015 - HSW (GRWM) 2016. Workplace exposure standards (WES) (New Zealand, 4/2022). Absorbed through skin. WES-STEL: 176 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. WES-STEL: 40 ppm 15 minutes. WES-TWA: 88 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. WES-TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. **Recommended monitoring** : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous procedures substances will also be required. : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust Appropriate engineering ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne controls contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. **Environmental exposure** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some controls cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. Individual protection measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before **Hygiene measures** eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. : Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the **Respiratory protection** hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer. check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. Gloves : For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves: Recommended: butyl rubber, neoprene, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton® May be used: nitrile rubber Eye protection : Chemical splash goggles and face shield. **New Zealand** Page: 6/13

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Skin protection** 

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

### **Section 9. Physical and chemical properties**

Appearance					
Physical state	:	Liquid.			
Colour	1	White.			
Odour	:	Not available.	Not available.		
Odour threshold	:	Not available.			
рН	1	Not available.	Not available.		
Melting point	1	Not available.			
Boiling point	:	77°C (170.6°F)			
Flash point	1	Closed cup: 4°C (39.2°F)			
Flammability (solid, gas)	1	Not available.			
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	1	Not available.			
Vapour pressure	:	Not available.			
Relative density	:	1.12			
Bulk Density (g/cm <sup>3</sup> )	1	1.109			
Solubility(ies)		Media	Result		
Solubility(les)	ľ	cold water	Partially soluble		
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.			
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.			
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.			
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)):	>21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)		

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Stability	: The product may not be stable under certain conditions of storage or use.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials strong acids strong alkalis
Hazardous decomposition products Hazardous polymerisation	<ul> <li>Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides</li> <li>Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.</li> </ul>

### Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: May cause damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed.
Skin contact	: May cause damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Symptoms related to th	e physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
p-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
-	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10.768 g/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
ethyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5620 mg/kg	-
Isopropyl alcohol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	72600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5045 mg/kg	-
butan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	24000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	790 mg/kg	-
toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	49 g/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8.39 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5580 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
•	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
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## Section 11. Toxicological information

		Dat	0 F -		
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g	j/kg -	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data ava	ailable on the mixt	ure itself.		
Irritation/Corrosion	-				
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
<b>x</b> ylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Conclusion/Summary					
Skin	: There are no data ava	ailable on the mixt	ure itself.		
Eyes	: There are no data ava	ailable on the mixt	ure itself.		
Respiratory	: There are no data ava	ailable on the mixt	ure itself.		
<u>Sensitisation</u>					
Conclusion/Summary					
Skin	: There are no data ava	ailable on the mixt	ure itself.		
Respiratory	: There are no data ava	ailable on the mixt	ure itself.		
Potential chronic health effe	ects				
General	: May cause damage to or repeated contact c dermatitis.				
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing exposure.	cancer. Risk of o	cancer depend	ds on duration	and level of
Mutagenicity	: No known significant	effects or critical h	nazards.		
Teratogenicity	: Suspected of damagi	: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.			
<b>Developmental effects</b>	: No known significant	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Fertility effects	: Suspected of damaging fertility.				
Chronic toxicity					
Not available.					
Carcinogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data av	ailable on the mixt	uro itcolf		
Mutagenicity			ure itsen.		
	. There are no date av	ailable on the mixt	ura itaalf		
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data ava		ure itsen.		
<u>Teratogenicity</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data ava	ailable on the mixt	ure itself.		
Reproductive toxicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data ava	ailable on the mixt	ure itself.		
Specific target organ toxicit	<u>ty</u>				
Name		Category	Route	of Ta	rget organs

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 2	-	-
ethyl acetate	Category 2	inhalation	-
toluene	Category 2	inhalation	-
ethylbenzene	Category 2	inhalation	-

**Aspiration hazard** 

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### Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Dermal	2854.94 mg/kg 13512.17 mg/kg 47.25 mg/l

#### Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/ aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

### Section 12. Ecological information

#### Ecotoxicity

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Aquatic and terrestrial toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
<ul> <li>P-butyl acetate</li> <li>Isopropyl alcohol</li> <li>butan-1-ol</li> <li>ethylbenzene</li> </ul>	Acute LC50 18 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Acute EC50 10100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1376 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i>	-

#### Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
-butyl acetate	TEPA and OECD 301D	83 % - Readily - 28 (	days	-	-
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Readily - 10	days	-	-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis	5	Biodegradability
r-butyl acetate xylene toluene ethylbenzene	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		- - -		Readily Readily Readily Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
-butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
ethyl acetate	0.68	-	Low
Isopropyl alcohol	0.05	-	Low
butan-1-ol	1	-	Low
toluene	2.73	8.32	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

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### Section 12. Ecological information

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

#### Not suitable: : Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

14. Transport information					
	NZ	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ		
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263		
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT		
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3		
	Presenter -				
Packing group	II	II	II		
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.		
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.		

#### **Additional information**

NZ	: None identified.
Hazchem code	: •3YE
IMDG	: None identified.

ΙΑΤΑ

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### 14. Transport information

: None identified.

**Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

### Section 15. Regulatory information

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)	:	All components are listed or exempted.
HSNO Approval Number	:	HSR002669 Flammable, Toxic [6.7]
Emergency Management Regulations	:	Level 1: Labelling required when 1L is present in a workplace.
		Level 2: MSDS required when any amount is present in a workplace. At least 2 x 4.5 kg powder fire extinguishers required when 250L is present in a workplace.
		Level 3: Emergency Response Plans and Secondary Containment required when 1000L is stored.
		Flammable Signage required when 250L is present in a workplace.
		Corrosive Signage required when 1000L is present in a workplace.
Classes 1 to 5 Control Regulations	:	Hazardous Atmosphere Zones required for quantities greater than: 100L (closed), 25L (decanting), 5L (open occasionally), 1L (open continuously). Hazardous Substances Location Certificate required for quantities greater than: 250L (containers up to 5L), 100L (containers >5L), 50L (open containers).
Approved Handler	:	Yes - For quantities greater than 500L in containers up to 5L; or 250 L in containers >5L.
International regulations		
Chemical Weapon Convent	ion	List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals
Not listed.		
Montreal Protocol		
Not listed.		
Stockholm Convention on I	Per	sistent Organic Pollutants
Not listed.		
Rotterdam Convention on F Not listed.	<u>Pric</u>	<u>er Informed Consent (PIC)</u>
UNECE Aarhus Protocol on Not listed.	<u>P(</u>	<u>)Ps and Heavy Metals</u>

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### Section 16. Other information

Date of issue Date of previous issue	: 18 August 2023 : 11/8/2021			
Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.				
Key to abbreviations	: STEL = Short Term Exposure Limit TWA = Time-Weighted Average WES = Work Exposure Standard			
References	: Not available.			
Organisation that prepared the SDS	: EHS			
Disclaimor				

#### **Disclaimer**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.