acc. to GHS-NZ

# **POR-15 HIGH TEMPERATURE FLAT BLACK**

New Zealand: en

Version number: GHS 3.0 Replaces version of: 2023-03-31 (GHS 2)

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

**1.1 Product identifier** Trade name

Product code(s)

Manufacturer:

P.O.R. Products:

New Rochelle:

**United States:** 

NY 10801:

38 Portman Road:

1.3

## POR-15 HIGH TEMPERATURE FLAT BLACK

44101, 44104, 44105, 44116, 44155

## 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

e-mail (competent person)

support@porproducts.com

Paint

Supplier of Product: Paint Smart Group Ltd 10 Barberry Street 3110 Judea Tauranga New Zealand +64 7 571 8921:

1.4 Emergency telephone number

www.porproducts.com:

support@porproducts.com:

New Zealand ((Mon - Fri, 09:00-17:00 NZST)

NZ Poisons Information Center: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

## 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to GHS

Section	Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and cat- egory	Hazard state- ment
2.6	flammable liquid	3	Flam. Liq. 3	H226
3.3	serious eye damage/eye irritation	2	Eye Irrit. 2	H319
3.4S	skin sensitisation	1	Skin Sens. 1	H317
3.5	germ cell mutagenicity	1B	Muta. 1B	H340
3.6	carcinogenicity	1A	Carc. 1A	H350
3.9	specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	2	STOT RE 2	H373
3.10	aspiration hazard	1	Asp. Tox. 1	H304
4.1A	hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute hazard	2	Aquatic Acute 2	H401
4.1C	hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard	2	Aquatic Chronic 2	H411

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.



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The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Delayed or immediate effects can be expected after short or long-term exposure. The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources. Spillage and fire water can cause pollution of watercourses.

### 2.2 Label elements

Labelling

- Signal word danger
- Pictograms

GHS02, GHS07, GHS08, 🕢 🚺 🚯

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H340	May cause genetic defects.
H350	May cause cancer.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

- Precautionary statements

Frecautionally stater	
P203	Obtain, read and follow all safety instructions before use.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P233	Keep container tightly closed.
P240	Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
P241	Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.
P242	Use non-sparking tools.
P243	Take action to prevent static discharges.
P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P272	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection.
P301+P310	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse affected areas with water or shower.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P318	IF exposed or concerned, get medical advice.
P319	Get medical help if you feel unwell.
P321	Specific treatment (see on this label).
P331	Do NOT induce vomiting.
P333+P317	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical help.
P337+P317	If eye irritation persists: Get medical help.
P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P370+P378	In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher to extinguish.
P391	Collect spillage.
P403+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P405	Store locked up.
P501	Dispose of contents/container to industrial combustion plant.
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one oxime

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MINERAL SPIRITS 66/1, stoddard solvent, 2-butan-

- Hazardous ingredients for labelling

### 2.3 Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance in a concentration of  $\ge$  0,1%.

Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (EDC) in a concentration of  $\ge 0,1\%$ .

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

### 3.1 Substances

Not relevant (mixture)

### 3.2 Mixtures

### Description of the mixture

Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS
MINERAL SPIRITS 66/1	CAS No 64742-48-9	25 - < 50	Muta. 1B / H340 Carc. 1A / H350 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304
stoddard solvent	CAS No 8052-41-3	1-<5	Flam. Liq. 3 / H226 Acute Tox. 5 / H313 Acute Tox. 3 / H331 Muta. 1B / H340 Carc. 1A / H350 STOT RE 1 / H372 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304 Aquatic Acute 1 / H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 / H410
2-butanone oxime	CAS No 96-29-7	1-<5	Flam. Liq. 4 / H227 Acute Tox. 5 / H303 Acute Tox. 4 / H312 Acute Tox. 3 / H331 Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 Eye Dam. 1 / H318 Skin Sens. 1 / H317 Carc. 1B / H350 STOT SE 1 / H370 STOT SE 3 / H336 STOT RE 2 / H373 Aquatic Acute 3 / H402
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	CAS No 22464-99-9	0.1 - < 1	Acute Tox. 5 / H303 Acute Tox. 5 / H313 Acute Tox. 4 / H332 Aquatic Acute 1 / H400
Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light	CAS No 64742-47-8	0.1-<1	Flam. Liq. 3 / H226 Acute Tox. 5 / H313 Acute Tox. 3 / H331 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304 Aquatic Acute 2 / H401 Aquatic Chronic 2 / H411

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.



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### SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

#### General notes

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. Keep affected person warm, still and covered. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth.

#### Following inhalation

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. Provide fresh air.

#### Following skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water.

#### Following eye contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart.

#### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Do NOT induce vomiting.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms and effects are not known to date.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

#### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray, BC-powder, Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water jet

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures.

#### Hazardous combustion products

Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2)

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

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### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety.

#### For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dust/spray/gases.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it. If substance has entered a water course or sewer, inform the responsible authority.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains

#### Advice on how to clean up a spill

Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Collect spillage: sawdust, kieselgur (diatomite), sand, universal binder

#### Appropriate containment techniques

Use of adsorbent materials.

#### Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

#### Recommendations

#### - Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation. Avoidance of ignition sources. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools.

#### - Specific notes/details

Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

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### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Managing of associated risks

- Explosive atmospheres

Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. Use local and general ventilation. Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.

- Flammability hazards

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Protect from sunlight.

- Ventilation requirements

Use local and general ventilation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

- Packaging compatibilities

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See section 16 for a general overview.

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1 Control parameters

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Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits) this information is not available

Relevant DNELs of components of the mixture						
Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	DNEL	44 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic ef- fects
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	DNEL	55 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic ef- fects
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	DNEL	44 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local effects
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	DNEL	55 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local effects
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	DNEL	80 mg/kg bw/ day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic ef- fects
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	DNEL	30 mg/kg bw/ day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	acute - systemic ef- fects
2-butanone oxime	96-29-7	DNEL	9 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic ef- fects
2-butanone oxime	96-29-7	DNEL	3.33 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local effects
2-butanone oxime	96-29-7	DNEL	1.3 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic ef- fects
2-butanone oxime	96-29-7	DNEL	2.5 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	acute - systemic ef- fects



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Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture						
Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental com- partment	Exposure time
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	PNEC	0.14 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single in- stance)
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	PNEC	0.35 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single in- stance)
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	PNEC	1.14 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single in- stance)
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	PNEC	0.14 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single in- stance)
2-butanone oxime	96-29-7	PNEC	0.256 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single in- stance)
2-butanone oxime	96-29-7	PNEC	177 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single in- stance)

### 8.2 Exposure controls

### Appropriate engineering controls

General ventilation.

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

#### Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.

#### Skin protection

### - Hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

#### - Other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

#### **Respiratory protection**

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

#### Environmental exposure controls

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.



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## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	liquid
Colour	not determined
Odour	characteristic
Melting point/freezing point	not determined
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	>152 °C at 113 atm
Flammability	flammable liquid in accordance with GHS criteria
Lower and upper explosion limit	not determined
Flash point	≥37.8 °C
Auto-ignition temperature	232 °C
Decomposition temperature	not relevant
pH (value)	not determined
Kinematic viscosity	not determined
Solubility(ies)	not determined

### Partition coefficient

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)	this information is not available
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Vapour pressure	1.07 kPa at 20 °C
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### Density and/or relative density

Density	not determined	
Relative vapour density	information on this property is not available	

Particle characteristics	not relevant (liquid)
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#### 9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard classes	there is no additional information			
Other safety characteristics				
Solid content	51.66 %			

### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

### 10.1 Reactivity

Concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials". The mixture contains reactive substance(s). Risk of ignition.

### If heated:

Risk of ignition

### 10.2 Chemical stability

See below "Conditions to avoid".

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No known hazardous reactions.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

#### Hints to prevent fire or explosion

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Oxidisers

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

#### Classification acc. to GHS

### Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

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Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) of components of the mixture				
Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	ATE	
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	dermal	>3,000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	inhalation: vapour	>5.5 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub> /4h	
2-butanone oxime	96-29-7	oral	2,326 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	
2-butanone oxime	96-29-7	dermal	>1,000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	
2-butanone oxime	96-29-7	inhalation: vapour	>4.83 <sup>mg</sup> /ı/4h	
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	22464-99-9	oral	2,043 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	22464-99-9	dermal	>2,000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	22464-99-9	inhalation: dust/mist	>4.3 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub> /4h	
Distillates (petroleum), hydro-treated light	64742-47-8	dermal	>2,000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	
Distillates (petroleum), hydro-treated light	64742-47-8	inhalation: vapour	>5.28 <sup>mg</sup> /ı/4h	

### Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

### Germ cell mutagenicity

May cause genetic defects.

### Carcinogenicity

May cause cancer.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

#### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

#### Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

#### **11.2** Information on other hazards

There is no additional information.



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## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

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Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components of the mixture						
Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time	
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	LC50	0.18 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	fish	96 h	
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	LL50	41.4 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	fish	96 h	
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	EL50	2.5 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	algae	96 h	
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	EC50	0.58 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	algae	96 h	
2-butanone oxime	96-29-7	LC50	>100 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	fish	96 h	
2-butanone oxime	96-29-7	EC50	201 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	48 h	
2-butanone oxime	96-29-7	ErC50	11.8 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	algae	72 h	
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zir- conium salt	22464-99-9	LC50	>100 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	fish	96 h	
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zir- conium salt	22464-99-9	LL50	>100 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	fish	96 h	
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zir- conium salt	22464-99-9	EC50	>0.17 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	48 h	
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zir- conium salt	22464-99-9	ErC50	49.3 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	algae	72 h	
Distillates (petroleum), hydro-treated light	64742-47-8	LL50	5 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	fish	96 h	
Distillates (petroleum), hydro-treated light	64742-47-8	EL50	1.4 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	48 h	

Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components of the mixture						
Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time	
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	EL50	1.19 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	21 d	
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	EC50	0.33 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	21 d	
2-butanone oxime	96-29-7	EC50	≥100 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	21 d	
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zir- conium salt	22464-99-9	EC50	75 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	21 d	
Distillates (petroleum), hydro-treated light	64742-47-8	EL50	0.89 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	21 d	



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### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Degradability of components of the mixture						
Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Process	Degradation rate	Time	Method	Source
2-butanone oxime	96-29-7	DOC removal	35 %	5 d		ECHA
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	22464-99-9	DOC removal	99 %	28 d		ECHA
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	22464-99-9	carbon dioxide generation	46.54 %	10 d		ECHA

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

Bioaccumulative potential of components of the mixture				
Name of substance	CAS No	BCF	Log KOW	BOD5/COD
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3		3.5 (20 °C)	
2-butanone oxime	96-29-7	≥0.5 – ≤0.6	0.63	

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB. Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance in a concentration of  $\geq$  0,1%.

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (EDC) in a concentration of  $\geq 0,1\%$ .

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

### SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste treatment-relevant information

Solvent reclamation/regeneration.

#### Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

#### Waste treatment of containers/packagings

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used. Completely emptied packages can be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.



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#### Remarks

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities.

SECT	ION 14: Transport information						
14.1	UN number						
	UN RTDG	UN 1263					
	IMDG-Code	UN 1263					
	ICAO-TI	UN 1263					
14.2	UN proper shipping name						
	UN RTDG	PAINT					
	IMDG-Code	PAINT					
	ICAO-TI	Paint					
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)						
	UN RTDG	3					
	IMDG-Code	3					
	ICAO-TI	3					
14.4	Packing group						
	UN RTDG	III					
	IMDG-Code	III					
	ICAO-TI	III					
14.5	Environmental hazards	hazardous to the aquatic environment					
	Environmentally hazardous substance (aquatic environment)	stoddard solvent					
14.6	<b>Special precautions for user</b> There is no additional information.						
14.7	Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO in The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.	struments					

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

## 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

There is no additional information.

### National regulations (New Zealand)

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

Surface Coatings and Colourants (Flammable, Carcinogenic) Group Standard 2020 HSR002669. All ingredients are listed or exempt from listing.



acc. to GHS-NZ

# **POR-15 HIGH TEMPERATURE FLAT BLACK**

Revision: 2023-04-10

Version number: GHS 3.0 Replaces version of: 2023-03-31 (GHS 2)

NZIoC		
Name of substance	CAS No	Approval status
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	22464-99-9	May be used as a com- ponent in a product covered by a group standard but it is not ap- proved for use as a chemical in its own right
Distillates (petroleum), hydro-treated light	64742-47-8	May be used as a single component chemical un- der an appropriate group standard
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	May be used as a single component chemical un- der an appropriate group standard
2-butanone oxime	96-29-7	HSNO Approval: HSR001191
MINERAL SPIRITS 66/1	64742-48-9	May be used as a single component chemical un- der an appropriate group standard

### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Key literature references and sources for data

Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals ("Purple book").

UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good. International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

#### **Classification procedure**

Physical and chemical properties: The classification is based on tested mixture. Health hazards, Environmental hazards: The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

#### Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.