SAFETY DATA SHEET

PB500 PU Primer Binder DTM

| Section 1. Identif | ication | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| Product name | : PB500 PU Primer Binder DTM | | | |
| Product type | : Liquid. | | | |
| Relevant identified uses of | the substance or mixture and uses advised against | | | |
| Identified uses | | | | |
| Use in coatings - Priming ma | aterials and coatings | | | |
| <u>Supplier</u> | | | | |
| Manufacturer | : Valspar b.v. Zuiveringweg 89 8243 PE Lelystad The Netherlands tel: +31 (0)320 292200 fax: +31 (0)320 292201 | | | |
| Emergency telephone number | : Call: +31 (0)320 292200 (during daytime) | | | |
| Supplier's details | : DBNZ Coatings Limited 6 Killarney Lane Hamilton 3204 NEW ZEALAND T: +64 7847 0944 E: info@dbnz.co.nz | | | |
| Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) | : New Zealand Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764766 (24 hrs) CALL: +(64)-98010034 (Hours of operation - 24 hours) | | | |
| e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS | : autoinfo@valspar.com | | | |
| Section 2. Hazard | ds identification | | | |
| HSNO Classification | : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2 | | | |

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3

This material is classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

This material is classified as DANGEROUS GOODS according to criteria in New Zealand Standard 5433:2012 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land.

| GHS label elements | |
|--------------------|---|
| Signal word | : Warning |
| Hazard statements | Flammable liquid and vapour. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |

Precautionary statements



Section 2. Hazards identification

| Prevention | : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection, or hearing protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapour or spray. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. |
|---|---|
| Response | : IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention. |
| Storage | : Store locked up. |
| Disposal | : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. |
| Symbol | |
| Other hazards which do not result in classification | : None known. |

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Substance/mixture : Mixture | | |
|---|---------|------------|
| Ingredient name | % (w/w) | CAS number |
| xylene | 15.188 | 1330-20-7 |
| n-butyl acetate | 6.4941 | 123-86-4 |
| ethylbenzene | 3.595 | 100-41-4 |
| ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate | 1.2589 | 763-69-9 |
| trizinc bis(orthophosphate) | 0.735 | 7779-90-0 |
| Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, zinc salt, basic | 0.17238 | 85203-81-2 |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

| Descri | iption | <u>of</u> | necessar | / f | irst | aio | 1 | measures |
|--------|--------|-----------|----------|-----|------|-----|---|----------|
| | - | | | | | | | |

| Inhalation | : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. |
|------------|---|
| Ingestion | : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. |

Section 4. First aid measures

| Skin contact | : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Eye contact | : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. |
| Most important symptoms/e | ffects, acute and delayed |
| Potential acute health effe | t <u>s</u> |
| Inhalation | : May cause damage to organs following a single exposure if inhaled. |
| Ingestion | : May cause damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. |
| Skin contact | : May cause damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. |
| Eye contact | : Causes serious eye irritation. |
| <u>Over-exposure signs/symp</u> | <u>toms</u> |
| Inhalation | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations |
| Ingestion | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations |
| Skin | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations |
| Eyes | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness |
| Indication of immediate mee | lical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary |
| Specific treatments | : Not available. |
| Notes to physician | : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. |
| Protection of first-aiders | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. |
| Son toxicological informatic | n (Section 11) |

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

| Extinguishing media | |
|--|--|
| Suitable | : Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam. |
| Not suitable | : Do not use water jet. |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | : Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products | : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides |
| Hazchem code | : 3Y |

Section 5. Firefighting measures

| Special precautions for fire- fighters | : | Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. |
|--|---|--|
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | : | Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. |

Section 6. Accidental release measures

| Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures | : | If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". |
|---|-----|--|
| Environmental precautions | : | Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. |
| Methods and material for con | nta | inment and cleaning up |
| Small spill | : | Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. |
| Large spill | : | Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. |

Section 7. Handling and storage

| Precautions for safe : handling | Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. |
|--|---|
| Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities | Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use. |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name | | Exposure limits | | |
|----------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| xylene | | NZ HSWA 2015 (New Zealand, 11/2018). Notes: See Notice of Intended Changes. WES-TWA: 217 mg/m ³ , 0 times per shift, 8 hours. WES-TWA: 50 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 | | |
| n-butyl acetate | | hours. NZ HSWA 2015 (New Zealand, 11/2018). WES-TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. WES-TWA: 713 mg/m ³ 8 hours. WES-STEL: 950 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. WES-STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. | | |
| ethylbenzene | | NZ HSWA 2015 (New Zealand, 11/2018). WES-STEL: 543 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. WES-STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. WES-TWA: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours. WES-TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. | | |
| Appropriate engineering controls | ventilation or other engineering co contaminants below any recomme also need to keep gas, vapour or | Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. | | |
| Environmental exposure controls | they comply with the requirements cases, fume scrubbers, filters or e | Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. | | |
| Individual protection measu | res | | | |
| Hygiene measures | eating, smoking and using the lav Appropriate techniques should be | horoughly after handling chemical products, before atory and at the end of the working period. used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. re reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and orkstation location. | | |
| Respiratory protection | appropriate standard or certification respiratory protection program to | Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended: EN 405:2001 + A1:2009 organic vapour (Type A) and particulate filter FFA2P3 R D | | |
| Hand protection | Chemical-resistant, impervious glibe worn at all times when handling this is necessary. Considering the check during use that the gloves a should be noted that the time to b different for different glove manufaseveral substances, the protection estimated. > 8 hours (breakthrou (PVA) Viton® >= 0.7 mm 1 hour (breakthrough time): Cor EN 374: Nitrile rubber - NBR (>= 0.100000000000000000000000000000000000 | < 1 hour (breakthrough time): Conditionally suitable materials for protective gloves; EN 374: Nitrile rubber - NBR (>= 0.35 mm). Only suitable as splash protection. Only suitable for brief exposure. In the event of contamination, change protective gloves | | |
| Eye protection | : Safety eyewear complying with ar assessment indicates this is nece gases or dusts. If contact is poss unless the assessment indicates | approved standard should be used when a risk ssary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, ible, the following protection should be worn, a higher degree of protection: chemical splash al splash goggles and/or face shield. | | |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Skin protection
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: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

| <u>Appearance</u> | | |
|---|---|---|
| Physical state | : | Liquid. |
| Colour | : | Yellowish. |
| Odour | : | Not available. |
| Odour threshold | : | Not available. |
| рН | : | Not applicable. |
| Melting point | : | Not available. |
| Boiling point | : | >100°C (>212°F) |
| Flash point | : | Closed cup: 26.5°C (79.7°F) |
| Evaporation rate | : | Not available. |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | : | Not available. |
| Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits | : | Not available. |
| Vapour pressure | : | Not available. |
| Vapour density | : | Not available. |
| Relative density | : | 1.346 |
| Solubility | : | Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water. |
| Solubility in water | : | Not available. |
| Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water | : | Not applicable. |
| Auto-ignition temperature | : | Not available. |
| Decomposition temperature | : | Not available. |
| Viscosity | : | Not available. |
| Flow time (ISO 2431) | : | Not available. |
| Aerosol product | | |
| Type of aerosol | : | Not applicable. |
| Heat of combustion | : | Not available. |
| Ignition distance | : | Not applicable. |
| Enclosed space ignition - Time equivalent | : | Not applicable. |
| Enclosed space ignition - Deflagration density | : | Not applicable. |
| Flame height | : | Not applicable. |
| Flame duration | : | Not applicable. |

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| Chemical stability | : The product is stable. |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |
| Conditions to avoid | : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. |
| Incompatible materials | Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials |
| Hazardous decomposition products | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. |
| | |

Section 11. Toxicological information

| | | - |
|----------------------------------|------|--|
| Information on likely routes of | of e | exposure |
| Inhalation | : | May cause damage to organs following a single exposure if inhaled. |
| Ingestion | : | May cause damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. |
| Skin contact | ; | May cause damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. |
| Eye contact | : | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| Symptoms related to the physical | sic | al, chemical and toxicological characteristics |
| Inhalation | : | Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations |
| Ingestion | : | Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations |
| Skin contact | : | Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations |
| Eye contact | : | Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness |

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------|--------------|----------|
| xylene | LC50 Inhalation Gas. | Rat | 6350 ppm | 4 hours |
| - | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 12126 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 3523 to 4000 | - |
| | | | mg/kg | |
| n-butyl acetate | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | >21.1 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >14112 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 10760 mg/kg | - |
| ethylbenzene | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | 6350 ppm | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 12126 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 3523 to 4000 | - |
| | | | mg/kg | |
| ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit - Male | 4080 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat - Female | >4.3 g/kg | - |
| trizinc bis(orthophosphate) | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat | >5.7 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >5000 mg/kg | - |

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|----------------------------|-------------|
| xylene | Skin - Mild irritant | Rat | - | 8 hours 60 microliters | - |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 milligrams | - |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 100 Percent | - |
| | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 87 milligrams | - |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 5 milligrams | - |
| ethylbenzene | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 500 milligrams | - |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 15 milligrams | - |

Section 11. Toxicological information

| ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 | - |
|--------------------------|----------------------|--------|---|--------------|---|
| | | | | milligrams | |

Sensitisation

Not available.

| Potential chronic health ef | ffects |
|------------------------------|--|
| General | : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| Inhalation | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Ingestion | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Skin contact | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Eye contact | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Carcinogenicity | : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. |
| Mutagenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Teratogenicity | : Suspected of damaging the unborn child. |
| Developmental effects | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Fertility effects | : Suspected of damaging fertility. |
| Chronic toxicity | |
| Not available. | |
| Carcinogenicity | |
| Not available. | |
| Mutagenicity | |
| Not available. | |
| Toratogonicity | |

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity

| Name | | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|--------------|------------|-------------------|---------------|
| xylene | Category 2 | oral, inhalation | - |
| ethylbenzene | Category 2 | inhalation | |

Aspiration hazard

| Ν | an | ne |
|---|----|----|
|---|----|----|

ethylbenzene

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

| Route | ATE value | |
|------------------------------|---------------|--|
| Oral | 3292.14 mg/kg | |
| Dermal | 7242.71 mg/kg | |
| Inhalation (gases) | 41810.21 ppm | |
| Inhalation (vapours) | 305.99 mg/l | |
| Inhalation (dusts and mists) | 23.1 mg/l | |

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

: This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic and terrestrial toxicity

1 5 5

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|---|----------------------------|---------------------------------|----------|
| xylene | Acute EC50 1 to 10 mg/l | Algae | 72 hours |
| | Acute EC50 1 to 10 mg/l | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 1 to 10 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| n-butyl acetate | Acute EC50 397 mg/l | Algae - Selenastrum | 72 hours |
| - | | capricornutum | |
| | Acute EC50 44 mg/l | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 32 mg/l | Crustaceans - Artemia salina | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 18 mg/l | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |
| | Acute NOEC 200 mg/l | Algae | 72 hours |
| ethylbenzene | Acute LC50 >10 mg/l | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |
| ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate | Acute EC50 114.86 mg/l | Aquatic plants - | 72 hours |
| 5 5. 1 | | Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata | |
| | Acute EC50 785 to 970 mg/l | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 88 mg/l | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |
| trizinc bis(orthophosphate) | Acute EC50 63.1 mg/l | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 6.3 mg/l | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss | 96 hours |
| Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, zinc salt, basic | Acute LC50 100 mg/l | Fish - Cyprinus carpio | 96 hours |

Persistence/degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Test | Result | | Dose | Inoculum |
|---|--|----------------------|------------|------|--------------------|
| n-butyl acetate ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate | OECD 301D Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test OECD 301B Ready Biodegradability - CO2 Evolution Test | 100 % - Readily - 18 | 3 days | - | - |
| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | | Photolysis | | Biodegradability |
| n-butyl acetate ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate | | | - | | Readily Readily |

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|---|--------|-------------|-----------|
| xylene | 3.12 | 8.1 to 25.9 | low |
| n-butyl acetate | 2.3 | - | low |
| ethylbenzene | 3.6 | - | low |
| ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate | 1.47 | - | low |
| trizinc bis(orthophosphate) | - | 60960 | high |
| Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, zínc salt, basic | - | 60960 | high |

Mobility in soil

| moonly moon | |
|-----------------------|---|
| Soil/water partition | : Not available. |
| coefficient (Koc) | |
| Other adverse effects | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

| Regulatory information | UN number | Proper shipping name | Classes | PG* | Label |
|------------------------|-----------|----------------------|---------|-----|---------|
| New Zealand Class | UN1263 | PAINT | 3 | 111 | PLANNEL |
| ADG Class | UN1263 | PAINT | 3 | 111 | |
| UN Class | UN1263 | PAINT | 3 | 111 | |
| ADR/RID Class | UN1263 | PAINT | 3 | 111 | |
| IATA Class | UN1263 | Paint | 3 | 111 | |
| IMDG Class | UN1263 | PAINT | 3 | 111 | |

| Additional information | |
|------------------------|---|
| New Zealand Class | : <u>Hazchem code</u> 3Y <u>Special provisions</u> 163, 223 |
| ADG Class | : <u>Hazchem code</u> •3Y <u>Special provisions</u> 163, 223, 367 |
| UN Class | : Special provisions 163, 223, 367 |
| ADR/RID Class | : <u>Hazard identification number</u> 30 <u>Limited quantity</u> 5 L <u>Special provisions</u> 163, 640E, 650, 367 <u>Tunnel code</u> (D/E) |
| IATA Class | : <u>Quantity limitation</u> Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 60 L. Packaging instructions: 355. Cargo Aircraft Only: 220 L. Packaging instructions: 366. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 10 L. Packaging instructions: Y344. <u>Special provisions</u> A3, A72, A192 |

Section 14. Transport information

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IMDG Class
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: <u>Emergency schedules</u> F-E, _S-E_ <u>Special provisions</u> 163, 223, 367, 955

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PG* : Packing group
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Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

| HSNO Approval Number | : HSR002669 |
|----------------------|---|
| HSNO Group Standard | : Surface Coatings and Colourants |
| HSNO Classification | : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 |
| | SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 |
| | EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 |
| | CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 |
| | REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2 |
| | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 2 |
| | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2 |
| | LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 |

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals Not listed.

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Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

| <u>Inventory list</u> | |
|-----------------------|--|
| Australia | : All components are listed or exempted. |
| Canada | : Not determined. |
| China | : All components are listed or exempted. |
| Europe | : All components are listed or exempted. |
| Japan | : Japan inventory (CSCL): At least one component is not listed. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined. |
| Malaysia | : Not determined |
| New Zealand | : All components are listed or exempted. |
| Philippines | : All components are listed or exempted. |
| Republic of Korea | : All components are listed or exempted. |
| Taiwan | : At least one component is not listed. |
| Thailand | : Not determined. |
| Turkey | : Not determined. |
| United States | : Not determined. |
| Viet Nam | : Not determined. |
| | |

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Section 16. Other information

| <u>History</u> | |
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| Key to abbreviations | ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail UN = United Nations |
| References | : Not available. |

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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