

HSNO 2017 - New Zealand

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Product name : Hempadur Fast Dry 17419 Base  
Product identity : 1741912170  
Product type :  build epoxy paint (base for multi-component product)

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Field of application :  metal industry, ships and shipyards.  
Ready-for-use mixture : 17410 = 17419 4 vol. / 98410 1 vol.  
Identified uses : Industrial applications, Professional applications, Used by spraying.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company details : Hempel (Wattyl) New Zealand Limited  
2-14 Patiki Road  
Avondale, Auckland 1026  
Tel.: 09 820 6700  
Email: sales.nz@hempel.com

Date of Preparation : 24 April 2025  
Date of previous issue : 15 October 2021.

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)  
  
Poisons Centre New Zealand: 0800 764 766 (24 hour)

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

#### GHS Classification

FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3  
SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2  
EYE IRRITATION - Category 2  
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1  
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2  
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2  
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3

#### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word :  Warning

Hazard statements :  H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.  
H315 - Causes skin irritation.  
H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.  
H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.  
H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.  
H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  
H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements :

General :  Do not apply directly into or onto water. Take all reasonable steps to ensure that the substance does not cause any significant adverse effects to the environment beyond the application area.

Prevention :  Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection, or hearing protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor, mist or spray. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Response :  Exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

Storage :  Store locked up.

Disposal :  Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

Other hazards which do not result in classification : None known.

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.2 Mixtures

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> calcium carbonate	CAS: 471-34-1	≥30 - ≤60
bisphenol A-(epichlorhydrin) epoxy resin MW =< 700	CAS: 1675-54-3	≤10
xylene	CAS: 1330-20-7	≤10
middle molecular epoxy resin MMW 700-1200	CAS: 25068-38-6	≤7.1
Methylstyrenated phenol	CAS: 68512-30-1	≤5
butan-1-ol	CAS: 71-36-3	<3
ethylbenzene	CAS: 100-41-4	≤3
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	CAS: 7779-90-0	≤0.71
toluene	CAS: 108-88-3	≤0.3

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General : In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.  
If breathing is irregular, drowsiness, loss of consciousness or cramps: Call 112 and give immediate treatment (first aid).

Eye contact :  Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Seek immediate medical attention/advice.

Inhalation :  Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Give nothing by mouth. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately.

Skin contact :  Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

Ingestion : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Lower the head so that vomit will not re-enter the mouth and throat.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

##### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

##### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

Eye contact :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation :	No specific data.
Skin contact :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion :	No specific data.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician :	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments :	No specific treatment.

### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media :	Recommended: alcohol resistant foam, CO <sub>2</sub> , powders, water spray. Not to be used: waterjet.
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#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture :	Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products :	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses. Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**A**void all direct contact with the spilled material. Exclude sources of ignition and be aware of explosion hazard. Ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

**A**void dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

#### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.  
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.  
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapors in air and avoid vapor concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits. In addition, the product should be used only in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard. To dissipate static electricity during transfer, ground drum and connect to receiving container with bonding strap. No sparking tools should be used. Contains epoxy constituents. Avoid all possible skin contact with epoxy and amine containing products, they may cause allergic reactions.

Avoid inhalation of vapour, dust and spray mist. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in area where this material is handled, stored and processed. Appropriate personal protective equipment: see Section 8. Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a cool, well-ventilated area away from incompatible materials and ignition sources. Keep out of the reach of children. Keep away from: Oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers that are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See separate Product Data Sheet for recommendations or industrial sector specific solutions.

### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1 Control parameters

##### Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
xylene	<b>HSWA 2015 - HSW (GRWM) 2016. Workplace exposure standards (WES) (New Zealand, 11/2023) [xylene (o-, m-, p-isomers)]</b> Ototoxicant. WES-TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. WES-TWA 8 hours: 217 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
butan-1-ol	<b>HSWA 2015 - HSW (GRWM) 2016. Workplace exposure standards (WES) (New Zealand, 11/2023)</b> Absorbed through skin. WES-Ceiling: 50 ppm. WES-Ceiling: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
ethylbenzene	<b>HSWA 2015 - HSW (GRWM) 2016. Workplace exposure standards (WES) (New Zealand, 11/2023)</b> Absorbed through skin , Ototoxicant. WES-TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. WES-TWA 8 hours: 88 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . WES-STEL 15 minutes: 176 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . WES-STEL 15 minutes: 40 ppm.
toluene	<b>HSWA 2015 - HSW (GRWM) 2016. Workplace exposure standards (WES) (New Zealand, 11/2023)</b> Absorbed through skin , Ototoxicant. WES-TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. WES-TWA 8 hours: 75 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . WES-STEL 15 minutes: 377 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . WES-STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.

##### Biological exposure indices

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
xylene	<b>HSWA 2015 - HSW (GRWM) 2016. Biological exposure indices (BEI) (New Zealand, 11/2023) [xylene]</b> BEI: 1.5 g/l, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.
ethylbenzene	<b>HSWA 2015 - HSW (GRWM) 2016. Biological exposure indices (BEI) (New Zealand, 11/2023)</b> BEI: 0.25 g/g creatinine, sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift or end of exposure.
toluene	<b>HSWA 2015 - HSW (GRWM) 2016. Biological exposure indices (BEI) (New Zealand, 11/2023)</b> BEI: 0.3 mg/g creatinine, o-cresol (following hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift or end of exposure. BEI: 0.03 mg/l, toluene [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift or end of exposure.

##### Recommended monitoring procedures

Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Appropriate engineering controls

Arrange sufficient ventilation by local exhaust ventilation and good general ventilation to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors or dust lowest possible and below their respective threshold limit value. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are proximal to the work-station location.

#### Individual protection measures

General :

Gloves must be worn for all work that may result in soiling. Apron/coveralls/protective clothing must be worn when soiling is so great that regular work clothes do not adequately protect skin against contact with the product. Safety eyewear should be used when there is a likelihood of exposure.



Hygiene measures :

Wash hands, forearms, and face thoroughly after handling compounds and before eating, smoking, using lavatory, and at the end of day.

Eye/face protection :

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Hand protection :

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training. The quality of the chemical-resistant protective gloves must be chosen as a function of the specific workplace concentrations and quantity of hazardous substances.

Since the actual work situation is unknown. Supplier of gloves should be contacted in order to find the appropriate type. Below listed glove(s) should be regarded as generic advice:

Recommended: Silver Shield / Barrier / 4H gloves, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®

May be used: nitrile rubber (>0.3 mm), butyl rubber (>0.5 mm)

Short term exposure: neoprene rubber (>0.1 mm), natural rubber (latex) (>0.4 mm), polyvinyl chloride (PVC), nitrile rubber (>0.1 mm), butyl rubber (>0.3 mm)

Body protection :

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved handling this product.

Wear suitable protective clothing. Always wear protective clothing when spraying.

Respiratory protection :

When the product is applied by spraying and for continuous or prolonged work always wear an air-fed respirator e.g. hood with supply of fresh or compressed air or a full face, powered air purifying filter. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If working areas have insufficient ventilation: When the product is applied by means that will not generate an aerosol such as, brush or roller wear half or totally covering mask equipped with gas filter of type A, when grinding use particle filter of type P. (EN140) Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent.

#### Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid.

Color : Gray

Odor : Solvent-like

pH : Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

Melting point/freezing point : Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

Boiling point/boiling range : Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

Flash point : Closed cup: 26°C (78.8°F) [Setaflash]

Evaporation rate : Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

Flammability : Highly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge and heat.

Vapor pressure : Not applicable. [50°C (122°F)]

Vapor density : Not available.

Specific gravity : 1.71 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Partition coefficient (LogKow) : Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

Auto-ignition temperature :

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
xylene	432	809.6	

Decomposition temperature : Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

Viscosity : Aspiration hazard (H304) Not classified. Testing not relevant due to nature of the product.

Explosive properties : Explosive in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge and heat.

Oxidizing properties : Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

#### 9.2 Other information

Solvent(s) % by weight : Weighted average: 14 %

Water % by weight : Weighted average: 0 %

VOC content : 234.7 g/l

TOC Content : Weighted average: 198 g/l

Solvent Gas : Weighted average: 0.059 m<sup>3</sup>/l

### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1 Reactivity

No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

The product is stable.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Highly reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.

Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: reducing materials.

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures (i.e. in case of fire) harmful decomposition products may be formed:

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Symptoms and signs include headaches, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Accidental swallowing may cause stomach pain. Chemical lung inflammation may occur if the product is taken into the lungs via vomiting.

Epoxy and amine containing products can cause skin disorders such as allergic eczema. The allergy may arise after only a short exposure period.

#### Acute toxicity

### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Dose / Exposure	Effects
calcium carbonate bisphenol A-(epichlorhydrin) epoxy resin MW =< 700	Rat - Oral - LD50 Rat - Oral - LD50	6450 mg/kg >2000 mg/kg	
xylene	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50 Rat - Dermal - LD50 Rabbit - Dermal - LD50 Rat - Oral - LD50	>2000 mg/kg >2000 mg/kg >4200 mg/kg 3523 mg/kg	
middle molecular epoxy resin MMW 700-1200 Methylstyrenated phenol	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Gas. Rat - Dermal - LD50	6350 ppm [4 hours] 5000 ppm [4 hours] >2000 mg/kg	
butan-1-ol	Rat - Oral - LD50 Rat - Dermal - LD50 Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	>2000 mg/kg >2000 mg/kg >5 mg/l [4 hours] 3400 mg/kg	Toxic effects: Eye - Corneal damage Cardiac - Pulse rate Lung, Thorax, or Respiration - Dyspnea Toxic effects: Liver - Fatty liver degeneration Kidney, Ureter, and Bladder - Other changes Blood - Other changes
ethylbenzene	Rat - Oral - LD50	790 mg/kg	
ethylbenzene	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor Rat - Oral - LD50	24000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> [4 hours] 3500 mg/kg	Toxic effects: Liver - Other changes Kidney, Ureter, and Bladder - Other changes
trizinc bis(orthophosphate) toluene	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50 Rat - Oral - LD50 Rat - Oral - LD50 Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor	>5000 mg/kg >5000 mg/kg 636 mg/kg >20 mg/l [4 hours]	

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral Dermal Inhalation (vapors)	4829.39 mg/kg 12913.98 mg/kg 582.74 mg/l

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
calcium carbonate	Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant	Duration of treatment/ exposure: 24 hours	Amount/concentration applied: 750 Micrograms Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
	Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant	Duration of treatment/ exposure: 24 hours	Amount/concentration applied: 500 milligrams Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
bisphenol A-(epichlorhydrin) epoxy resin MW =< 700	Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant		
xylene	Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant	Duration of treatment/ exposure: 24 hours	Amount/concentration applied: 5 milligrams Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
	Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant	Duration of treatment/ exposure: 24 hours	Amount/concentration applied: 500 milligrams Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
Methylstyrenated phenol	Rabbit - Skin - Irritant Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant Rabbit - Skin - Irritant		
butan-1-ol	Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant	Duration of treatment/ exposure: 24 hours	Amount/concentration applied: 2 milligrams Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
	Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant	Duration of treatment/ exposure: 24 hours	Amount/concentration applied: 20 milligrams Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
ethylbenzene	Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant	Duration of treatment/ exposure: 24 hours	Amount/concentration applied: 15 milligrams Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

toluene	Rabbit - Respiratory - Mild irritant Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant	Duration of treatment/ exposure: 0.5 minutes	Amount/concentration applied: 100 mg Duration of treatment/exposure: 0.5 minutes
	Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant	Duration of treatment/ exposure: 24 hours	Amount/concentration applied: 20 mg Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

#### Sensitizer

Product/ingredient name	Species - Route of exposure	Result
Bisphenol A-(epichlorhydrin) epoxy resin MW =< 700 middle molecular epoxy resin MMW 700-1200	Guinea pig - skin	Result: Sensitizing
	Guinea pig - skin	Result: Sensitizing

#### Mutagenic effects

No known data available in our database.

#### Carcinogenicity

No known data available in our database.

#### Reproductive toxicity

No known data available in our database.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Butan-1-ol	Category 3	1-Butanol	Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Bisphenol A-(epichlorhydrin) epoxy resin MW =< 700	Category 2	-	-
xylene	Category 2	-	-
middle molecular epoxy resin MMW 700-1200	Category 2	-	-
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	-
toluene	Category 2	-	-

#### Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Not available.	

#### Information on the likely routes of exposure

Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

#### Potential chronic health effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information : No additional known significant effects or critical hazards.

### SECTION 12: Ecological information

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Bisphenol A-(epichlorhydrin) epoxy resin MW =< 700	Acute - EC50	Algae	11 mg/l [72 hours]
	Acute - LC50	Fish	2 mg/l [96 hours]
middle molecular epoxy resin MMW 700-1200	Acute - EC50	Daphnia	1.8 mg/l [48 hours]
	Acute - LC50	Fish	>100 mg/l [96 hours]
Methylstyrenated phenol	Acute - EC50	Daphnia	>100 mg/l [48 hours]
	Acute - EC50	Daphnia	14 - 51 mg/l [48 hours]
	Acute - EC50	Algae	15 mg/l [72 hours]
	Acute - EC50	Fish	25.8 mg/l [96 hours]

### SECTION 12: Ecological information

butan-1-ol	Acute - LC50 Acute - EC50	Fish Daphnia	1.376 mg/l [96 hours] 1328 mg/l [96 hours]
ethylbenzene	Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water	Algae - Green algae - <i>Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata</i>	<1000 µg/l [96 hours]
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Acute - EC50 Acute - EC50	Daphnia Algae	2.44 mg/l [48 hours] 0.8 mg/l [72 hours]
toluene	Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia magna</i> Algae - Green algae - <i>Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata</i>	1000 µg/l [21 days] <500000 µg/l [96 hours]

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result
Bisphenol A-(epichlorhydrin) epoxy resin MW =< 700 xylene	OECD Inherent Biodegradability: Zahn-Wellens/ EMPA Test	12% [28 days] - Not readily
	OECD Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test	>60% [28 days] - Readily 90 - 98% [28 days] - Readily
butan-1-ol ethylbenzene toluene	OECD Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test	92% [20 days] >70% [28 days] - Readily 100% [14 days] - Readily

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	
Bisphenol A-(epichlorhydrin) epoxy resin MW =< 700 xylene Methylstyrenated phenol butan-1-ol ethylbenzene toluene			Not readily
			Readily
			Not readily
			Readily
			Readily
			Readily

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
Bisphenol A-(epichlorhydrin) epoxy resin MW =< 700	2.64 - 3.78	31	Low
xylene	3.12	8.1 - 25.9	Low
middle molecular epoxy resin MMW 700-1200	2.64 - 3.78	31	Low
Methylstyrenated phenol	3.627	-	Low
butan-1-ol	1	3.16	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	-	Low
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	-	60960	High
toluene	2.73	90	Low

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Product/ingredient name	logK <sub>oc</sub>	K <sub>oc</sub>
Bisphenol A-(epichlorhydrin) epoxy resin MW =< 700	3.26	1800
xylene	1.59	39
butan-1-ol	0.51	3.22078
ethylbenzene	2.23	170.406
toluene	2.07	117.115
4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol	3.16	1436.23

Mobility : No known data available in our database.

#### Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Residues of the product is listed as hazardous waste. Dispose of according to all state and local applicable regulations. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Spillage, remains, discarded clothes and similar should be discarded in a fireproof container.




#### Packaging

### SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

### SECTION 14: Transport information

Transport may take place according to national regulation NZS for transport by road and train, IMDG for transport by sea, IATA for transport by air.

	14.1 UN no.	14.2 Proper shipping name	14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	14.4 PG*	14.5 Env* Additional information
<b>NZS Class</b>	UN1263	PAINT	3 	III	No. <u>Hazchem code</u> ●3Y
<b>IMDG Class</b>	UN1263	PAINT	3 	III	No. <u>Emergency schedules</u> F-E, S-E
<b>IATA Class</b>	UN1263	PAINT	3 	III	No. -

PG\* : Packing group

Env.\* : Environmental hazards

### 14.6 Special precautions for user

**Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

### 14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable.


### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This material is classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

This material is classified as DANGEROUS GOODS according to criteria in New Zealand Standard 5433:2012 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land.

#### HSNO Classification

 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3  
 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2  
 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2  
 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1  
 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2  
 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2  
 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2  
 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product :


No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

HSNO Group Standard : HSR002669

HSNO Group Standard assigned are based upon the GHS Classification.

### SECTION 16: Other information

 Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Classification	Justification
 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method

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### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### **Notice to reader**

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.