# SAFETY DATA SHEET



### **Barrier Comp A**

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

<b>1.1 Product identifier</b>	
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Product name	: Barrier Comp A
Code	: 2521
Product description	: Paint.
Product type	: Liquid.
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### **Identified uses**

Use in coatings - Industrial use Use in coatings - Professional use

#### 1.2 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

1.2 Details of the supplier of t	ne salety data sheet
Manufacturer :	Jotun Australia 9 Cawley Road Brooklyn 3012 Australia
	Telephone + 61 39314 0722 Fax + 61 39314 0423
	SDSJotun@jotun.com
Supplier :	APCO Coatings (NZ) Ltd 1/20A Arwen Place, East Tamaki, Auckland 2013, New Zealand
	Phone +64 800 289 2726
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#### **1.3 Emergency telephone number**

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Emergency telephone	: Medical Emergencies 24 hours:
number	Poisons Information Centre (New Zealand) 0800 764 766

### Section 2. Hazards identification

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2.1 Clas	sification of the su	bstance or mixture
HSNO (	Classification	<ul> <li>3.1 - FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category C</li> <li>6.3 - SKIN IRRITATION - Category A</li> <li>6.4 - EYE IRRITATION - Category A (Irritant)</li> <li>6.5 - SENSITIZATION - Category B (Skin)</li> <li>6.7 - CARCINOGENICITY - Category B</li> <li>6.8 - REPRODUCTIVE AND DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY (Fertility) - Category B</li> <li>6.8 - REPRODUCTIVE AND DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY (Unborn child) - Category B</li> <li>6.9 - SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE OR REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category B</li> <li>9.1 - AQUATIC ECOTOXICITY - Category A</li> </ul>

#### 2.2 Label elements

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### Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Warning.
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Flammable liquid and vapour. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from ignition sources such as heat/sparks/open flame No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapour or spray. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	: Collect spillage. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Rinse skin with water [or shower]. Wash with plenty of soap and water. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. IF exposed or concerned: IF exposed or if you feel unwell: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Get medical advice/ attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a cool/well-ventilated place.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

# Other hazards which do not : None known. result in classification

This material is classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001 and has been classified according to the Hazardous Substances (Classifications) Regulations 2001.

This material is classified as DANGEROUS GOODS according to criteria in New Zealand Standard 5433:2012 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land.

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	:	Mixture
Other means of identification	:	Not available.
CAS number/other identifiers		
CAS number	÷	Not applicable.
EC number	÷	Mixture.

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
zínc	≥60 - ≤75	7440-66-6
xylene	≤10	1330-20-7
epoxy resin (MW 700-1200)	≤10	25036-25-3
1-methoxy-2-propanol	≤5	107-98-2
ethylbenzene	≤3	100-41-4

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary fi	<u>rst ai</u>	<u>d measures</u>
Inhalation	:	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Ingestion	:	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	:	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Eye contact	:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Most important symptoms/	effec	ts, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effe	ects	
Inhalation	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	:	Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact	. :	Causes serious eye irritation.
Over-exposure signs/sym	ptom	<u>IS</u>
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Eyes	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
	dical	attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Specific treatments		Not available.
Notes to physician	:	No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

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### Section 4. First aid measures

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefigh	g measures	
Extinguishing media		
Suitable	Jse dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.	
Not suitable	Do not use water jet.	
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Flammable liquid and vapour. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occu and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. This material is very toxic to aquatic with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain	life
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides	
Hazchem code	-3Y	
Special precautions for fire- fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incide there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Jse water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.	
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained preathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.	

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
Methods and material for co	nta	inment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe : handling	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well- ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

See Technical Data Sheet / packaging for further information.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Control parameters

**Occupational exposure limits** 

Ingredient name	Exposure limits		
Viene	NZ HSWA 2015 (New Zealand, 11/2019). WES-TWA: 217 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. WES-TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.		
1-methoxy-2-propanol	NZ HSWA 2015 (New Zealand, 11/2019). WES-STEL: 553 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. WES-STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. WES-TWA: 369 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.		
ethylbenzene	WES-TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. <b>NZ HSWA 2015 (New Zealand, 11/2019).</b> WES-TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. WES-TWA: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. WES-STEL: 543 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. WES-STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.		
Appropriate engineering controls	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.		
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some		

cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

**Individual protection measures** 

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Respiratory protection	:	Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
		There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material. Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used
		correctly. The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.
		Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Not recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) < 1 hour: neoprene, butyl rubber May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: PVC Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: nitrile rubber, 4H, Teflon, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA)
Eye protection	:	Safety eyewear complying to EN 166 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Respiratory protection	:	If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use a respirator according to EN 140. Use respiratory mask with charcoal and dust filter when spraying this product, according to EN 14387(as filter combination A2-P2). In confined spaces, use compressed-air or fresh-air respiratory equipment. When use of roller or brush, consider use of charcoalfilter.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Various colours.
Odour	: Characteristic.
Odour threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: Lowest known value: 120.17°C (248.3°F) (1-methoxy-2-propanol). Weighted average: 131.68°C (269°F)

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### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Flash point	Closed cup: 27°C (80.6°F)		
Burning rate	Not applicable.		
Burning time	Not applicable.		
Evaporation rate	Highest known value: 0.84 (ethylbenzene) Weighted average: 0.79compared with butyl acetate		
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.		
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	0.8 - 13.74%		
Vapour pressure	Highest known value: 1.2 kPa (9.3 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (ethylbenzene). Weighted average: 1.01 kPa (7.58 mm Hg) (at 20°C)		
Vapour density	Highest known value: 3.7 (Air = 1) (xylene). Weighted average: 3.54 (Air = 1)		
Relative density	Not available.		
Density	2.992 g/cm <sup>3</sup>		
Solubility	Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.		
Solubility in water	Not available.		
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	Not available.		
Auto-ignition temperature	Lowest known value: 270°C (518°F) (1-methoxy-2-propanol).		
Decomposition temperature	Not available.		
SADT	Not available.		
Viscosity	Kinematic (40°C): >0.205 cm²/s (>20.5 mm²/s)		
Aerosol product			
Type of aerosol	Not applicable.		
Heat of combustion	Not available.		
Ignition distance	Not applicable.		
Enclosed space ignition - Time equivalent	Not applicable.		
Enclosed space ignition - Deflagration density	Not applicable.		
Flame height	Not applicable.		
Flame duration	Not applicable.		

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	<ul> <li>Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.</li> </ul>
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Symptoms related to	the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

# Section 11. Toxicological information

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Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness

#### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	20 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Dermal	Rabbit	4300 mg/kg	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
2	LD50 Oral	Rat	6600 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat - Male	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Zinc	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300 Micrograms Intermittent	-
zinc oxide	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 microliters	-
epoxy resin (MW 700-1200)	Skin - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-

#### **Sensitisation**

•	Route of exposure	Species	Result
epoxy resin (MW 700-1200)	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising

Potential chronic health effects

General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Skin contact	: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	<ul> <li>Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.</li> </ul>
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
<b>Developmental effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: Suspected of damaging fertility.
Chronic toxicity	
Not available.	
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category B	Oral Inhalation	Not determined Not determined
ethylbenzene	Category B	Inhalation	Not determined

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

**Ecotoxicity** 

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Dermal	5643.93 mg/kg 14291.51 mg/kg 693.79 mg/l

### Section 12. Ecological information

: Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Aquatic and terrestrial toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
zínc	Acute LC50 330 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.78 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
zinc oxide	Acute LC50 1.1 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.02 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	72 hours
		subcapitata - Exponential	
		growth phase	
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 7.2 mg/l	Algae	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

#### Persistence/degradability

# Section 12. Ecological information

	-		
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
zinc	-	-	Not readily
zinc oxide	-	-	Not readily
xylene	-	-	Readily
ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential
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Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Znc oxide xylene 1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	28960 8.1 to 25.9 -	high Iow Iow
ethylbenzene	3.6	-	low

#### Mobility in soil

MODILITY IN SOIL	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Other adverse effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned therewere the internelly. Aveid disposed of any transf and runoff and approximation of grind used containers unless they have been cleaned
	thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Material and/or container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
New Zealand Class	₩N1263	Paint	3	111	RANNARE ICON	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported by road or rail. <u>Hazchem code</u> •3Y
ADG Class	<b>Ø</b> N1263	Paint	3			<mark>⊮azchem code</mark> •3Y
UN Class	<mark>₩</mark> N1263	Paint	3	111		-
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# Section 14. Transport information

Barrier Comp A						
Section 14.	Section 14. Transport information					
ADR/RID Class	<mark>Ø</mark> N1263	Paint	3			The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. Hazard identification number 30 Tunnel code (D/E)
IATA Class	<mark>₩</mark> N1263	Paint	3			The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.
IMDG Class	<mark>₩</mark> N1263	Paint	3			The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. <u>Emergency</u> <u>schedules</u> F-E, <u>S-E</u>

PG\* : Packing group

Marine pollutant	: zinc

substances

**Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in accordance with ADR/RID, IMDG/IMO and ICAO/IATA and national regulation.

Marking: The environmental hazardous / marine pollutant mark is only applicable for<br/>packages containing more than 5 litres for liquids and 5 kg for solids.ADR / RID:

IMDG

# Section 15. Regulatory information

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#### **National regulations**

Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons				
5				
Control of Scheduled Carcinogenic Substances				
Ingredient name No listed substance	<u>Schedule</u>			
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)	: All ingredients are listed on (AICS/NZOIC) or exempt			
Australia inventory (AICS)	: All ingredients are listed on (AICS/NZOIC) or exempt			
HSNO Classification	<ul> <li>3.1 - FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category C</li> <li>6.3 - SKIN IRRITATION - Category A</li> <li>6.4 - EYE IRRITATION - Category A (Irritant)</li> <li>6.5 - SENSITIZATION - Category B (Skin)</li> <li>6.7 - CARCINOGENICITY - Category B</li> <li>6.8 - REPRODUCTIVE AND DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY (Fertility) - Category B</li> <li>6.8 - REPRODUCTIVE AND DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY (Unborn child) - Category B</li> <li>6.9 - SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE OR REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category B</li> <li>9.1 - AQUATIC ECOTOXICITY - Category A</li> </ul>			
HSNO Group Standard	: HSR002662 Surface coatings and colourants (Flammable)			
HSNO Approval Number	: Not applicable			
Approved Handlers Certificate	: Approved Handlers certificate is exempt.			

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# Section 15. Regulatory information

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Toxic substances schedule	: 3.1 - FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category C
(NZ)	6.3 - SKIN IRRITATION - Category A
	6.4 - EYE IRRITATION - Category A (Irritant)
	6.5 - SENSITIZATION - Category B (Skin)
	6.7 - CARCINOGENICITY - Category B
	6.8 - REPRODUCTIVE AND DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY (Fertility) - Category B
	6.8 - REPRODUCTIVE AND DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY (Unborn child) -
	Category B
	6.9 - SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE OR REPEATED
	EXPOSURE) - Category B
	9.1 - AQUATIC ECOTOXICITY - Category A
Safety, health and environmental regulations	: No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).
specific for the product	

### Section 16. Other information

Notice to reader	
<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 14.01.2021
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 14.01.2021
Date of previous issue	: 08.04.2019
Version	: 1.07
<b>—</b>	

#### ✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Disclaimer**

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.