SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of issue : 23 October 2023

Version : 12.02

Section 1. Identification

Product code	: 0777HS-175/4L
Product name	: SUPERCAT SUPER YELLOW
Product type	: Liquid.
Recommended use and res	trictions
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.
Supplier's details	: PPG INDUSTRIES NEW ZEALAND LTD 5 MONAHAN ROAD, MT WELLINGTON, AUCKLAND www.ppgnz.co.nz
	Telephone Numbers: 09 573 1620, 0800 659378 021 940 920 (24 Hours)
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: New Zealand 0800 000 096 (24 hours) / Australia 1800 883 254 (24 hours) For international shipping emergencies: 1-412-391-1618
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: ehsnz@ppg.com

Section 2. Hazards identification

HSNO Classification	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1 REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2
Symbol <u>GHS label elements</u>	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
Precautionary statements	

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Prevention	:	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid breathing vapour.
Response	:	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	:	Not applicable.
Disposal	1	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	-	Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Contains a substance that may emit formaldehyde if stored beyond its shelf life and/or during cure at curing temperatures greater than 60C/140F.
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This material is classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Notice 2017 and has been classified according to the Hazardous Substances (Classifications) Notice 2017.

This material is classified as DANGEROUS GOODS according to criteria in New Zealand Land Transport Rule: Dangerous Goods 2005.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	1	Mixture
CAS number/other identifiers		
Product code	:	0777HS-175/4L

Hazardous ingredients	%	CAS number	
n-butyl acetate	10 - <30	123-86-4	
2-methylpropan-1-ol	1 - <10	78-83-1	
butan-1-ol	1 - <10	71-36-3	
xylene	<1	1330-20-7	
toluene	<1	108-88-3	
Formaldehyde, solution	<1	50-00-0	
ethylbenzene	<1	100-41-4	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment or have an OEL and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	 Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation	 Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Section 4. First aid measures Ingestion : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting. Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed Potential acute health effects Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage. Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Skin contact** : Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion Over-exposure signs/symptoms : Adverse symptoms may include the following: Eyes pain watering redness Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations Skin : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness drvness cracking blistering may occur reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary Specific treatments : Not available. Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing

thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable Not suitable	 Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam. Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides Formaldehyde.
Special precautions for fire- fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions,	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any
protective equipment and	information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the
emergency procedures	information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas
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Section 7. Handling and storage

	and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Exposure limits
HSWA 2015 - HSW (GRWM) 2016. Workplace exposure standards (WES) (New Zealand, 4/2022). WES-STEL: 950 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. WES-STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. WES-TWA: 713 mg/m ³ 8 hours. WES-TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
HSWA 2015 - HSW (GRWM) 2016. Workplace exposure standards (WES) (New Zealand, 4/2022). WES-TWA: 152 mg/m ³ 8 hours. WES-TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
HSWA 2015 - HSW (GRWM) 2016. Workplace exposure standards (WES) (New Zealand, 4/2022). Absorbed through skin. WES-Ceiling: 150 mg/m ³ WES-Ceiling: 50 ppm
HSWA 2015 - HSW (GRWM) 2016. Workplace exposure standards (WES) (New Zealand, 4/2022). [xylene (o-, m-, p- isomers)] WES-TWA: 217 mg/m ³ 8 hours. WES-TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
WES-TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. HSWA 2015 - HSW (GRWM) 2016. Workplace exposure standards (WES) (New Zealand, 4/2022). Absorbed through skin. WES-TWA: 75 mg/m ³ 8 hours. WES-TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. WES-TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. WES-STEL: 377 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.

		<u> </u>	WES-STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
Formaldehyde, solution ethylbenzene			HSWA 2015 - HSW (GRWM) 2016. Workplace exposure standards (WES) (New Zealand, 4/2022). Skin sensitiser. WES-TWA: 0.3 ppm 8 hours. WES-STEL: 0.6 ppm 15 minutes. HSWA 2015 - HSW (GRWM) 2016. Workplace exposure standards (WES)
			(New Zealand, 4/2022). Absorbed through skin. WES-STEL: 176 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. WES-STEL: 40 ppm 15 minutes. WES-TWA: 88 mg/m ³ 8 hours. WES-TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Recommended monitoring procedures	:		iate monitoring standards. Reference to nods for the determination of hazardous
Appropriate engineering controls	:	contaminants below any recommende	Is to keep worker exposure to airborne d or statutory limits. The engineering controls concentrations below any lower explosive
Environmental exposure controls	:		
ndividual protection measur	es		
Hygiene measures	:	eating, smoking and using the lavator Appropriate techniques should be use Contaminated work clothing should no	ughly after handling chemical products, before y and at the end of the working period. d to remove potentially contaminated clothing. of be allowed out of the workplace. Wash Ensure that eyewash stations and safety ocation.
Respiratory protection	1	Respirator selection must be based of	
		workers are exposed to concentration appropriate, certified respirators. Use	orking limits of the selected respirator. If s above the exposure limit, they must use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed
Hand protection	:	workers are exposed to concentration appropriate, certified respirators. Use respirator complying with an approved necessary. Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves be worn at all times when handling ch this is necessary. Considering the par check during use that the gloves are s should be noted that the time to break	orking limits of the selected respirator. If s above the exposure limit, they must use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed I standard if a risk assessment indicates this is complying with an approved standard should emical products if a risk assessment indicates rameters specified by the glove manufacturer, still retaining their protective properties. It through for any glove material may be rers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of
Hand protection		workers are exposed to concentration appropriate, certified respirators. Use respirator complying with an approved necessary. Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves be worn at all times when handling ch this is necessary. Considering the par check during use that the gloves are a should be noted that the time to break different for different glove manufactu several substances, the protection time	orking limits of the selected respirator. If s above the exposure limit, they must use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed I standard if a risk assessment indicates this is complying with an approved standard should emical products if a risk assessment indicates rameters specified by the glove manufacturer, still retaining their protective properties. It through for any glove material may be rers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>			
Physical state	1	Liquid.	
Colour	4	Yellow.	
Odour	1	Not available.	
Odour threshold	1	Not available.	
рН	1	Not available.	
Melting point	1	Not available.	
Boiling point	1	108°C (226.4°F)	
Flash point	1	Closed cup: 4°C (39.2°F)	
Flammability (solid, gas)	1	Not available.	
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	1	Not available.	
Vapour pressure	1	Not available.	
Relative density	1	1.06	
Bulk Density (g/cm³)	1	1.06	
Solubility(ies)		Media	Result
Colubility(ICS)	1	cold water	Partially soluble
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.	
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.	
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.	
Viscosity	1	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)):	>21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Stability	: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials strong acids strong alkalis
Hazardous decomposition products Hazardous polymerisation	 Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides Formaldehyde. metal oxide/oxides Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

information on fixery roo	
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Symptoms related to the	e physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
p-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
2	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10.768 g/kg	-
2-methylpropan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	24.6 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2460 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2830 mg/kg	-
butan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	24000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	790 mg/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	49 g/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8.39 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5580 mg/kg	-
Formaldehyde, solution	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	250 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	270 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	100 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours

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Section 11. Toxicological information

	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral		Rabbit Rat		17.8 3.5 g		
O sur a la serie de la c					-	-	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data a	available on	the mixtu	ire itsel	t.		
Irritation/Corrosion				1			
Product/ingredient name	Result	Spec	ies	Score		Exposure	Observation
xylene	Skin - Moderate irritar	nt Rabb	bit	-		24 hours 500 mg	-
Conclusion/Summary							
Skin	: There are no data a	available on	the mixtu	ire itsel	f.		
Eyes	: There are no data a	available on	the mixtu	ire itsel	f.		
Respiratory	: There are no data a	available on	the mixtu	ire itsel	f.		
<u>Sensitisation</u>							
Conclusion/Summary							
Skin	: There are no data a	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.					
Respiratory	: There are no data a	available on	the mixtu	ire itsel	f.		
Potential chronic health eff	<u>iects</u>						
General	: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.						
Skin contact	: Once sensitized, a to very low levels.	Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.					
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer.	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.					
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.						
Teratogenicity	: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.						
Developmental effects	: No known significa	nt effects or	critical ha	azards.			
Fertility effects	: Suspected of dama	aging fertility	-				
Chronic toxicity							
Not available.							
Carcinogenicity							
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data a	available on	the mixtu	ire itsel	f.		
<u>Mutagenicity</u>							
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data a	available on	the mixtu	ire itsel	f.		
<u>Teratogenicity</u>							
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data a	available on	the mixtu	ire itsel	f.		
Reproductive toxicity							
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data a	available on	the mixtu	ire itsel	f.		
Specific target organ toxici	i <u>ty</u>						

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 2	-	-
toluene	Category 2	inhalation	-
Formaldehyde, solution	Category 2	-	-
ethylbenzene	Category 2	inhalation	-

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Øral	8730.7 mg/kg
Dermal	93601.33 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapours)	34.91 mg/l

Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Contains a substance that may emit formaldehyde if stored beyond its shelf life and/or during cure at curing temperatures greater than 60C/140F. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicit	v
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: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
n-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 18 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Acute EC50 1100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
butan-1-ol	Acute LC50 1376 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Formaldehyde, solution	Acute EC50 3.48 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus	72 hours
	Acute EC50 5.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia pulex -</i> Neonate	48 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 hours -

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	D	ose	Inoculum
-butyl acetate	TEPA and OECD 301D	83 % - Readily - 28 (days -		-
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Readily - 10	days -		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodegradability
<mark>n-</mark> butyl acetate xylene	-		-		Readily Readily
toluene ethylbenzene	-		-		Readily Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential	
-butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low	
2-methylpropan-1-ol	1	-	Low	
butan-1-ol	1	-	Low	
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low	
toluene	2.73	8.32	Low	
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low	

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

Other adverse effects

: Not available.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	E v a v v s c e i i a c d	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or iners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
Not suitable:	: D	Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

14. Transport information

	NZ	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ	
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	
	PLANAGE			
Packing group	II	II	II	
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Product name SUPERCAT SUPER YELLOW

14. Transport information

	1		1
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Additional information

NZ	: None identified.
Hazchem code	: •3YE
IMDG	: None identified.
ΙΑΤΑ	: None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)	: All components are listed or exempted.	
HSNO Approval Number	: HSR002669 Flammable, Toxic [6.7]	
Emergency Management Regulations	: Level 1: Labelling required when 1L is present in a workplace.	
		Frequired when any amount is present in a workplace. At least 2 x 4.5 extinguishers required when 250L is present in a workplace.
	Level 3: Emer 1000L is store	gency Response Plans and Secondary Containment required when d.
	Flammable Si	gnage required when 250L is present in a workplace.
	Corrosive Sig	age required when 1000L is present in a workplace.
Classes 1 to 5 Control Regulations	100L (closed), Hazardous Su	nosphere Zones required for quantities greater than: 25L (decanting), 5L (open occasionally), 1L (open continuously). bstances Location Certificate required for quantities greater than: ers up to 5L), 100L (containers >5L), 50L (open containers).
Approved Handler	Yes - For quar >5L.	tities greater than 500L in containers up to 5L; or 250 L in containers
International regulations		
Chemical Weapon Conven	List Schedule	s I, II & III Chemicals
Not listed.		
Montreal Protocol		
Not listed.		
Stockholm Convention on Not listed.	<u>istent Organi</u>	<u>c Pollutants</u>

Product name SUPERCAT SUPER YELLOW

Section 15. Regulatory information

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC) Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

Date of issue	: 23 October 2023		
Date of previous issue	: 8/18/2023		
Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.			
Key to abbreviations	: STEL = Short Term Exposure Limit TWA = Time-Weighted Average WES = Work Exposure Standard		
References	: Not available.		
Organisation that prepared the SDS	: EHS		
Disclaimer			

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.